(1) कारवाड़ तथा मदगांव के मध्य नई रेल लाइन।

(2) काण्डला तथा भटिण्डा के मध्य नथा ब्राडगेज सम्पर्क तथा निम्नलिखित खण्डों को शामिल करते हुए आगरा-जैसलमेर/बाड़मेर से ब्राड गेज मार्ग का प्रथम चरण।

(i) भिल्दी-सामदारी से गेज परिवर्तन तथा सामदारी-जोधपुर से सामान्तर ब्राड गेज लाइन।

(ii) फुलेरा-जोधपुर का गेज परिवर्तन तथा बीकानेर (लालगढ़) से मेड़ता रोड का मीटर गेज से ब्राड गेज में परिवर्तन।

(iii) भिल्दी-विरामगाम से गेज परिवर्तन/नई लाइन

(iv) सवाई माधोपुर-जयपुर मीटर गेज का परिवर्तन तथा जयपुर से फुलेरा तक समानान्तर ब्राड गेज लाइन।

कान्हा और बान्धवगढ़ राष्ट्रीय पार्क को केन्द्रीय सहायता

2363. **श्री अजीत जोगी** : क्या **पर्यावरण और वन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) केन्द्र सरकार द्वारा मध्य प्रदेश में कान्हा और बान्धवगढ़ राष्ट्रीय पार्कों को बांध परि योजना और ऐसी अन्य योजनाओं के अधीन कितनी सहायता प्रदान की जा रही हैं; और

(ख) क्या केन्द्रीय सरकार इस पर समय-समय पर निगरानी रखेगी ?

पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती मेनका गांधी) : (क) सातवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के दौरान कान्हा राष्ट्रीय उद्यान और बांधवग राष्ट्रीय उद्यान को केन्द्र द्वारा प्रायोजित स्कीमों के तहत निम्नलिखित राशि प्रदान की गई:

	(लाख रुपयों में)
कान्हा राष्ट्रीय उद्यान	83.58
बांधवगढ़ राष्ट्रीय उद्यान	22.67

इन राष्ट्रीय उद्यानों को आठवीं पंच-वर्षीय योजना में भी उचित सहायता दी जाएगी।

(ख) केन्द्रीय सरकार राष्ट्रीय उद्यानों को दी गई धनराशि के उपयोग की निग-रानी करती है और उनके प्रबन्ध में सुधार करने के लिए राज्य सरकार को सहायता भी देती है।

Taloja unit of Bharat Electronics Limited

2364. DR. BAPU KALDATE: Wilt the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to* refer to answer to Unstarred Question 1412 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 22nd May, 1990 and state:

(a) what are the details of the per formance review on the basis of which-Government concluded that the Taloja Unit of Bharat Electronics Limited could: b_e viable without raising its existing production capacity;

(b) whether the BEL management's proposal for expansion with an additional investment of Rs. 20 crore, the implementation of which the unit would have an additional turnover to the extent of Rs. 80 crore, was not accepted by Government;

(c) if so, what are the reasons therefor; and

(d) whether Government propose to-reconsider the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (DR. RAJA RAMANNA): (a) to (d) Bharat Electronics had mooted a proposal in March 1988 to expand the capacity of the Taloja unit from 1 million glass.

shells for B&W picture tubes per annum to 2 milion. This involved additional investment of over Rs. 18 crores with a foreign exchange component of Rs. 12. 82 crores. The performance of the unit with regard to capacity utilisation, cost of production and market realisation on account of the finished bulbs has been reviewed from time to time and it is concluded that break even point at current prices is 65 per cent of existing capacity. As such the unit is viable even at the existing annual capacity of 1 million glass shells. However, due to technical difficulties ijj the production process, production till now has been below the break even level. It has, therefore, been decided that this is not an opportune moment to undertake the heavy investment required for the expansion of glass shell facility at the Taloja unit.

Testing/Certification of Electronics items for Export

2365. SHRl SHANTI TYAGI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have given license to three Indian Laboratories to test and certify electronic products manufactured in India for export to foreign markets;

(b) if so, the details of the concerned laboratories; and

(c) whether Government's astep would make the country self-sufficient in the matter of certification of electronic goods for export to international markets?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (PROF. M. G. K. MENON): *(a)* to (c) Three Indian Laboratories viz. Electronics Reeional Test Laboratories located at Delhi. Calcutta and Bombay set UD under the Department of Electronics have been authorised bv Tn'erna-natinnnl E'ecrro-technical Commission for Qualitv Assessment of Electronic Components (TPCOl. Geneva as Independent Test Laboratories (TTLsl which, can test and certify electronic components for export to 24 Member-Countries including USA, USSR, Japan, South Korea, FRO, UK and other European countries.

The international accreditation of Indian Laboratories pertains presently only fo export of Eectronic components from the quality point of view. This is a significant step towards self-sufficiency in India's capability to certify electronic products. In adition to this, attempts are to qualify these laboratories for International Safety Certification (IECEE) and Electromagnetic Interference/ Electromagnetic Comparability (EMI/EMC) Certification (FCC/VDE). Once these International accreditations viz. Safety & EMI/EMc are obtained, eectronie products manufactured in India would find an easy access to international markets...

Air pollution in some areas of Bombay

2366. SHRI SUBRAMANIAN SWAMY: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to-state:

(a) whether Government are aware that large parts of Chembur, Ghatkopar, Vikhroli and the surrounding areas ini Bombay are heavily affected by air pollution;

(b) what steps are being taken by Government to reduce the air Pollution;

(c) whether Government are aware of the sources of pollution in these areas; and

(d) what acton is being taken against those who are causing the air pollution in these areas?

THE MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRT NTLA-MANI ROUTRAY). (al The ambient air quality is being reeularly monitored in Bombav. The results show that ambient air quality is within limits prescribed by the Central Pollution Control Board.

(b) to (d) Government are aware of the sources of pollution in the industrial areas of Bombav and its surroundines, Under the Air (Prevention and Control